NC STATE UNIVERSITY

Benoxacor Waste Recovery at St. Gabriel Emily Atkinson, Audrey Giersch, Emma Starnes, Nicholas Tibbels Mentors: Pierce Blazina, Nick Burrows, Ana Davis, Lindsey Norris, Laramie Scanlon

1. Objective

- Benoxacor is a crop safener produced by Syngenta at their site in St. Gabriel, Louisiana. The process to make Benoxacor produces a total of almost 1600 MT of waste each year
- The team was tasked with the goal of identifying a main waste stream and determining a solution to reducing and recycling this waste
- This is in accordance with the Syngenta Good Growth Plan which strives for more environmentally friendly agriculture

- Diethylene break the

4. Economic Analysis

Equipment	Price	Type of Savings	Price	
Distillation Column	\$900,000	Waste Disposal	\$53,500	
(3)		Recycled Material	\$2,000	
Vacuum Pump (3)	\$600,000	Total Annual Payback	\$55,500	
Reboiler Stage (3)	\$300,000		Payback Period= Total Investment Annual Payback = 35 Years	
Packing (3)	\$150,000	Payback Period = Total		
Total Capital Investment	\$1,950,000	Annua		

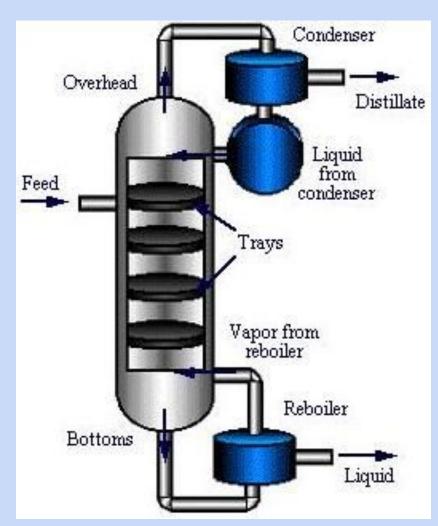
6. Recommendations

- The proposed solution should not be implemented on the chosen stream without further investigation into the azeotrope
- Other forecut streams should be investigated for this process to be applied • Syngenta could perform small scale experiments on separating isopropanol
- from water to confirm the ASPEN results
- The third column could be replaced with a flash drum to more be more energy efficient
- It is recommended that Syngenta investigates waste to energy operations as an alternative to waste recovery

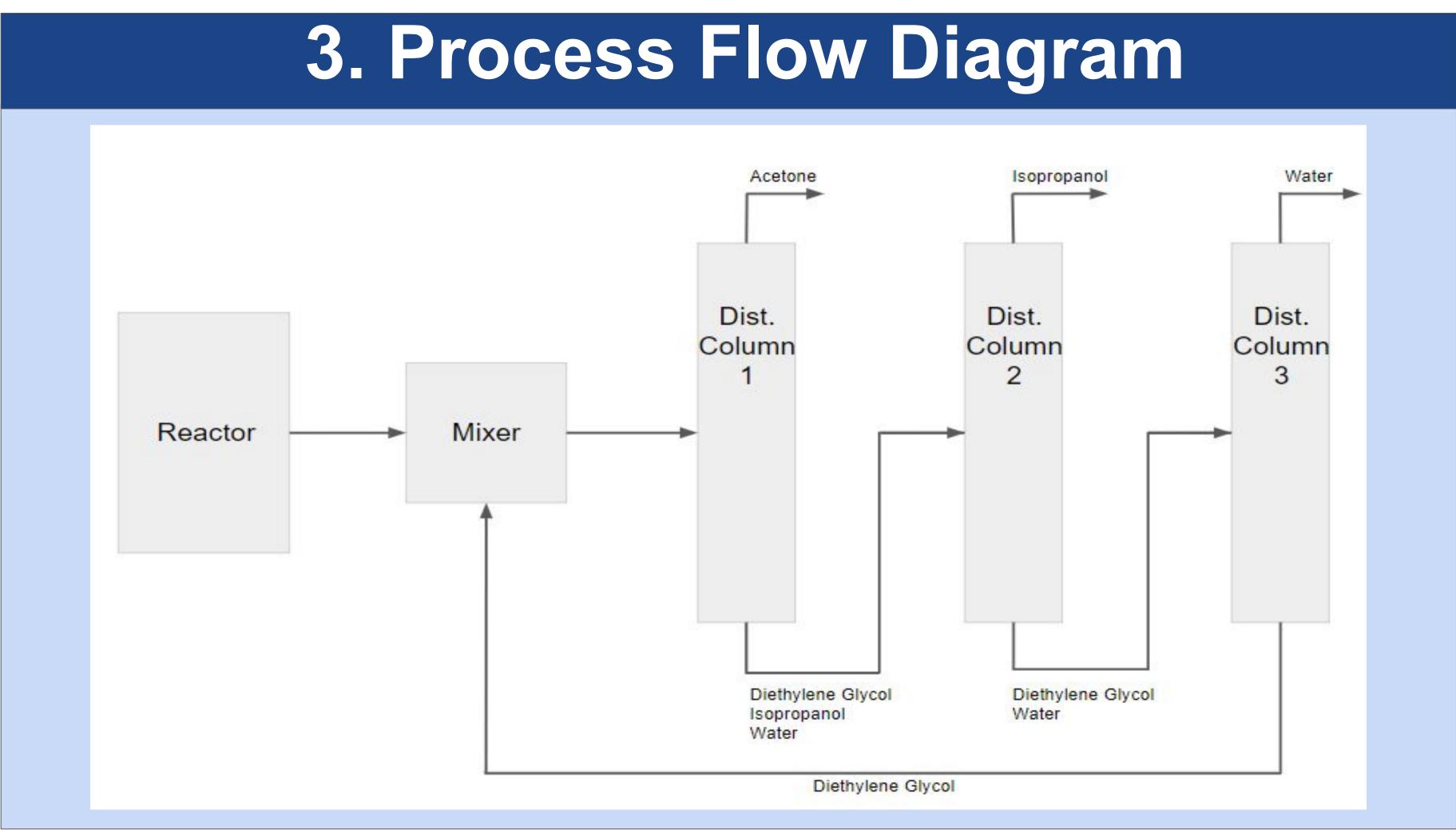
2. Background

• Extractive distillation is required because the components of the selected stream have similar boiling points and an azeotrope forms between water and IPOH

glycol is added as an entrainer to increase the relative volatility of the mixture to azeotrope



Michigan Engineering. (n.d.). Visual Encyclopedia of Chemical Engineering Equipment Retrieved from https://encyclopedia.che.engin.umich.edu/distillation-columns



5. Environmental Considerations

- agriculture
- waste and carbon emissions associated with the transportation and disposal of organic waste waste could reduce carbon emissions by 31,000 lbs
- Recovering the selected stream will reduce solvent • Eliminating the transportation of organic and aqueous

further investigation

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• This waste recovery solution works toward the Good Growth Plan pillar of striving for carbon neutral

Strive for carbon neutral agriculture

- Measure and enable carbon capture and mitigation in agriculture
- Enhance biodiversity and soil health on 7.4m acres of rural land every year Reduce the carbon intensity of our
- operations by 50% by 2030



7. Conclusions

• The team recommends that further investigation be done into using this type of process to reduce waste elsewhere in the plant • The proposed solution would not be effective for the chosen stream without

8. Acknowledgements



