

Optimizing Delivery System Testing: An Analysis of Outsourcing vs. In-House Testing and Fluid Path Considerations



Hannah Gingery, Olivia Nasrallah, Sreevansh Mareddy, and Andrew Siphanthone Mentor: Maureen Haines

1. Background

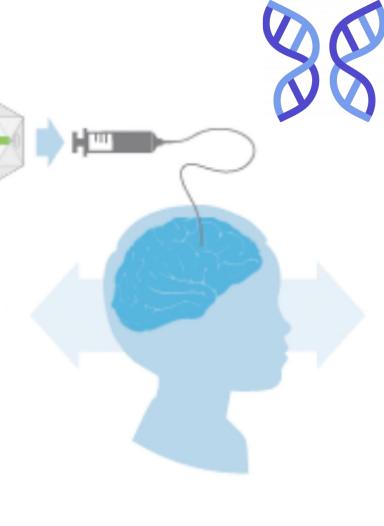
Dravet Syndrome: Mutated

SCN1A gene; reduced neuron Na+ channels

Seizures, neurodevelopmental impact, mortality

> 1:15,500 affected

ETX101: AAV9 capsid for gene upregulation to increase Na+ channels



2. Introduction

Problem

- Comparing programs for internal and external testing for 510(k)
- Understanding drug waste of delivery system

Goal



- Choose the best design program
- Analyze medication and buffer flows

Limitations

> Finite lab space



- > Cost
- Vivarium requirements

Deliverables

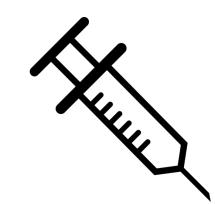
Testing requirements of delivery systems



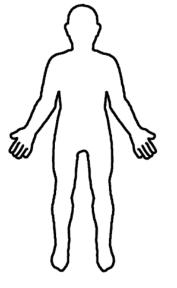
- Internal and external program costs
 Make vs. Buy enablement plan
- > Drug fluid dynamics analysis



Demonstrates the safety, efficacy, and compatibility of the device in contact with the human body for FDA approval



- > (T1) Cytotoxicity
- > (T2) Sensitization
- ➤ (T3) Irritation
- > (T4) Systemic Toxicity
- > (T5) Pyrogenicity



4. Outsourcing Tests				
Test	Lab A Cost	Lab B Cost		
T1	\$785	\$585		
T2	\$13,520	\$15,750		
Т3	\$2,710	\$3,750		
T4	\$1,840	\$3,975		
T5	\$1,235	\$3,950		
Additional Tests	\$9,100	-		
Total	\$29,200	\$28,000		

5. Insourcing Tests				
000 000 T1	\$4,200/test			
T2-T5*	\$1,400/test			
New Equipmen	\$16,000			
Program Total*	\$26,000			
*Does <u>not</u> include vivarium costs				

6. Make versus Buy Assessment

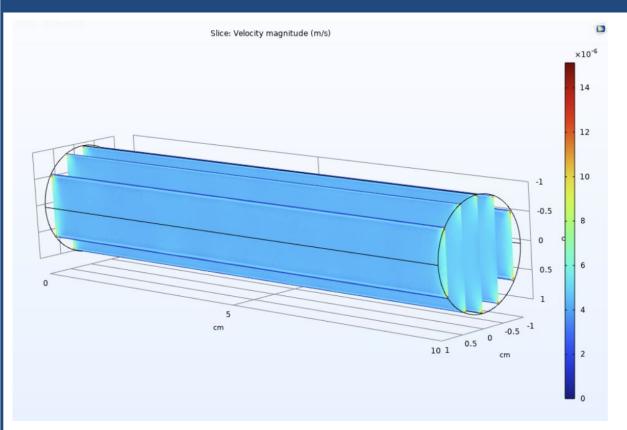
	Encoded Therapeutics	Lab A	Lab B
Cost	1	4	3
Lead Time	4	2	3
Assurance of Supply	2	4	3
Quality	3	4	4
Customer Satisfaction	4	4	2
Total	14	18	15

- Cost cost of program
- Lead Time results delivery time
- > Assurance of Supply capacity and continuity
- Quality GMP and certifications
- Customer Satisfaction interactions and experience

Score Definition

- 1 Cannot meet expectations
- 2 Potential risks to meet expectations
- 3 Able to meet expectations
- 4 Supports current and future expectations

7. Fluid Dynamics



- Dr. Stefano Menegatti assisted with fluid flow calculations
- ➤ Laminar flow (Re<2000)
- Buffer and Medication properties: Water
- No medication left in device

COMSOL Software Re ≈ 16 to 32

* A more detailed simulation would have been completed given more time

8. Conclusion

- Insourcing tests results in a more expensive approach
- ➤ Lab A was more suitable than Lab B
- > Laminar flow through catheter without unintended mixing
 - No medication wastage (Buffer still necessary)

9. Acknowledgements

We would like to give a special thanks to our mentor, Maureen Haines, and the Department of Chemical Engineering for their continued support throughout the project. The guidance was vital to the team's success.