



Introduction

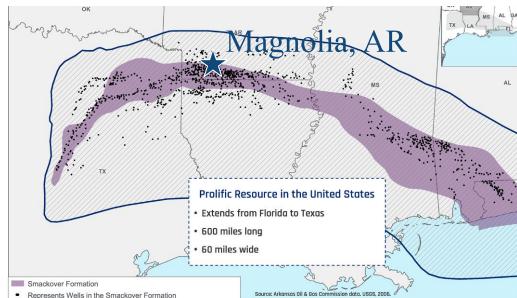
- Applications of bromine:
 - Brominated flame retardants (BFR) for automotive industry, electronics, furniture
 - Mercury emission reduction in coal burning and waste incineration
 - Energy generation and storage
- Elemental bromine is not naturally occurring; it is found primarily as bromide ion in salt brines
- Annual bromine production today and projected:
 - 2024: 500,000 tons
 - 2035: 820,000 tons

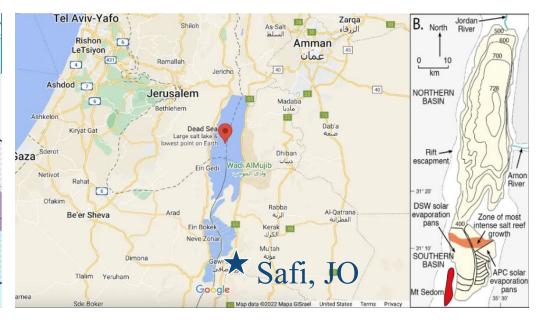
Objective

- Research and design a chemical production plant to produce bromine from bromide-containing brine
- Develop a +/-50% economical evaluation of the plant total module cost, payback period, and yearly gross revenue

Methods

Location Options





Technology Options

- Chlorine Oxidation
- \circ 2NaBr + Cl₂ \rightarrow 2NaCl +Br₂
- Peroxide Oxidation
 - $\circ 2\text{NaBr} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Br}_2 + 2\text{NaOH} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$
- $\circ H_2SO_4 + 2NaOH \rightarrow Na_2SO_4 + 2H_2O$
- Electrolysis
 - \circ 2NaBr \rightarrow 2Na⁺ + 2e⁻ + Br₂
 - $\circ 2H_2O + 2e^- \rightarrow 2H_2 + OH^-$

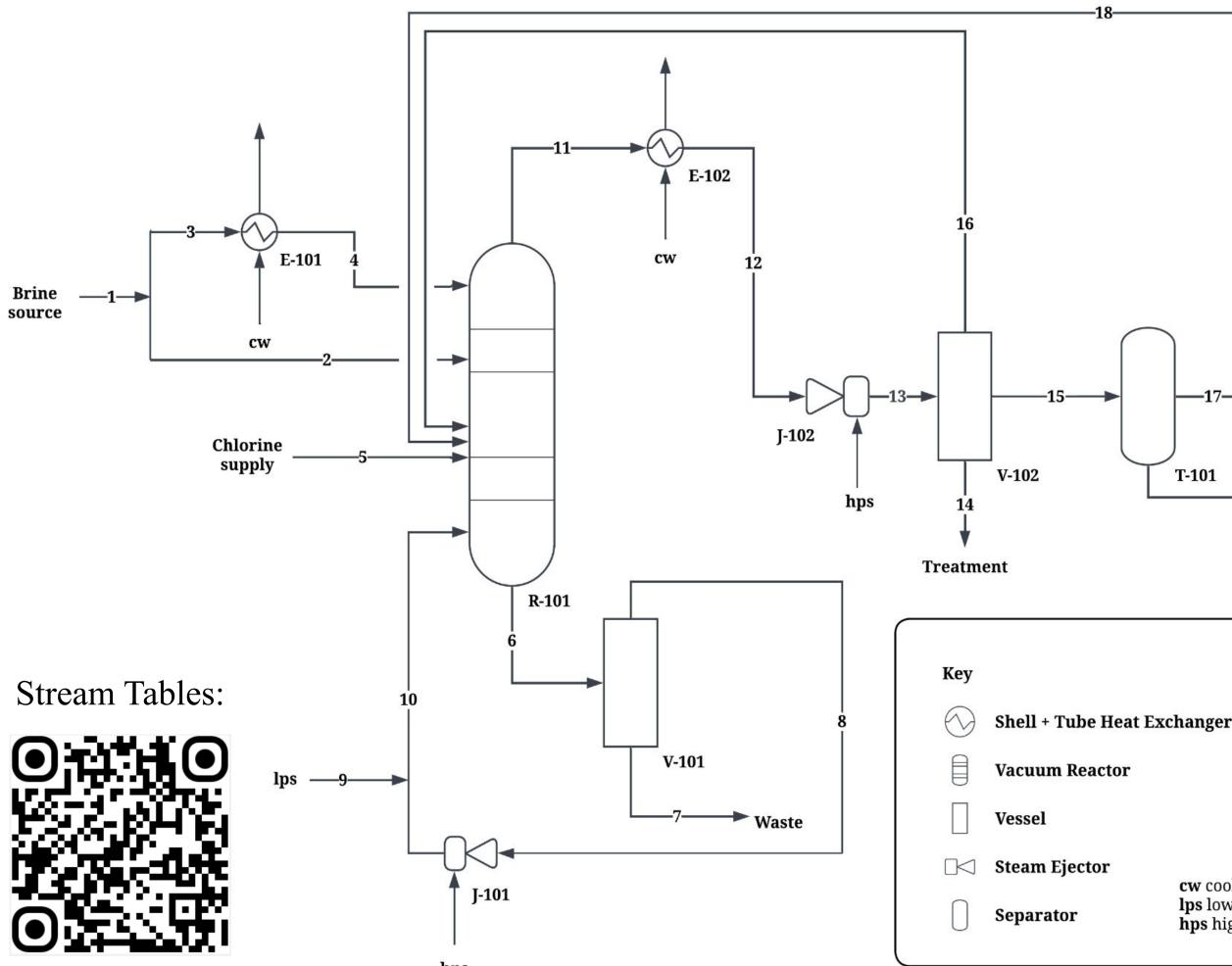
Sustainability

- Compliance with state-level emissions regulations was evaluated
 - No air emissions, but water emissions are out of compliance
 - Activated carbon filter recommended to reach compliance

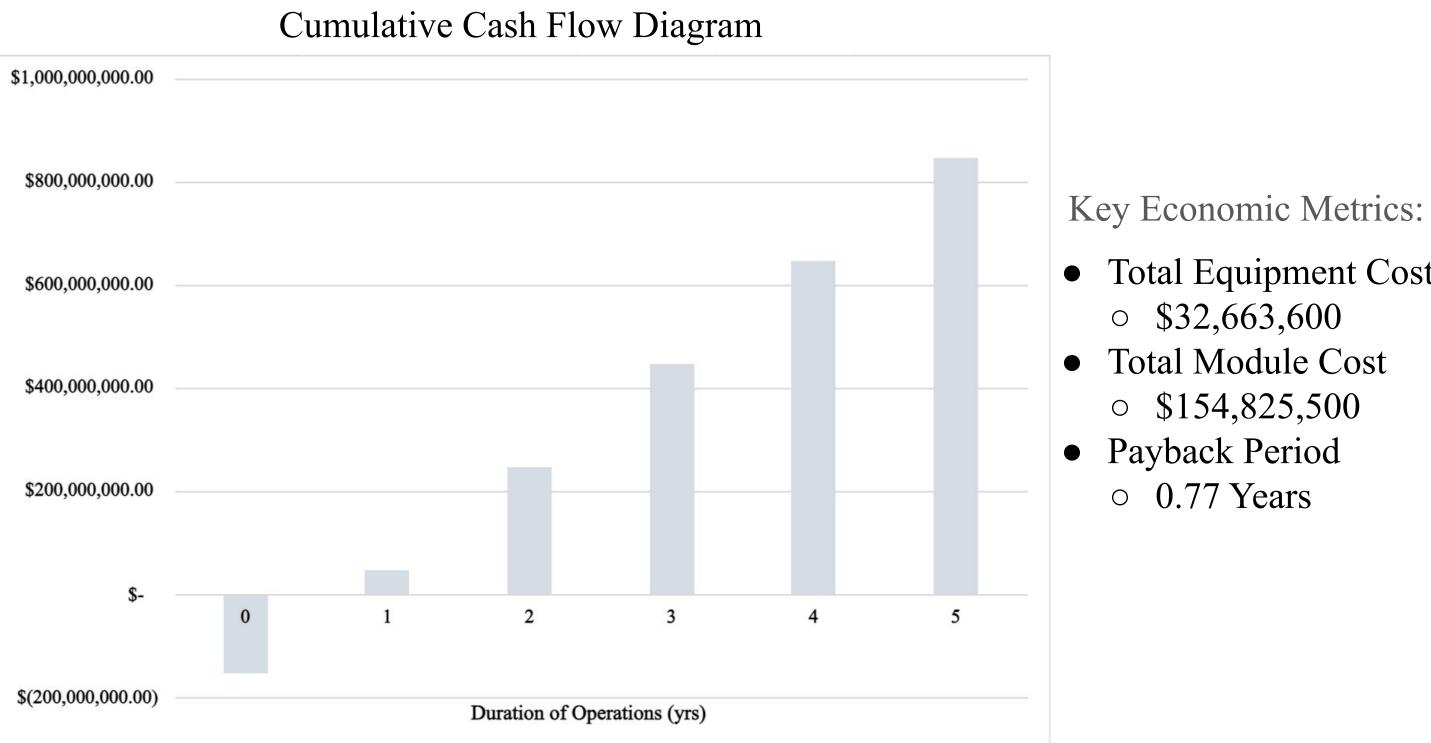
| Source | Water (tons) | Electricity (kWh) | Carbon dioxide |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | (tons) |
| Magnolia, AR | 1,510,000 | 37,500,000 | 220,000 |
| Bromine plant | 108,000,000 | 6,830,000 | 55,400 |

Bromine Production from Brine: Chlorine Oxidation in Magnolia, AR

Sarah Bailey, Sydney Epps, Jackson Lods, Haydn Taylor, Nathan Thompson Mentors: Claire DeCroix, Taylor Fenz, Meghan Wilt



Economics



| Category | Item | Cost per Unit | Amount | Cost per Day |
|---------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Raw Materials | Chlorine | \$0.18/lb | 11,000 lb/h | \$47,500 |
| | Brine | \$2,500,000/yr | 6,700,000 lb/h | \$6,800 |
| Operational Costs – | Labor | \$69,500/yr | 12 operators | \$2,300 |
| | Utilities | \$2,200/h | 24 h | \$52,800 |
| Products | Bromine | \$1.36/lb | 22,000 lb/h | \$718,000 |
| • | \$608,700 | | | |



Process Flow Diagram

|) | |
|-------|------------------------|
| 17 | Bromine product |
| T-101 | |

cw cooling water lps low-pressure steam **hps** high-pressure steam

| Equipment Summary Table | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Equipment | Description | Cost | | |
| E-101 | Brine Cooler | \$1,051,800 | | |
| E-102 | Distillate Partial Condenser | \$501,800 | | |
| R-101 | Vacuum Reactive Stripping Tower | \$30,551,400 | | |
| V-101 | Flash Separator for Bottoms | \$316,700 | | |
| V-102 | 3-Phase Separator | \$96,200 | | |
| T-101 | Bromine Purification Column | \$82,900 | | |
| J-101 | Vacuum Generator 1 | \$62,200 | | |
| J-102 | Vacuum Generator 2 | \$1,600 | | |

Hazards

- Process hazard analysis completed through the use of a Hazard and Operability study (HAZOP)
- Process hazards include chemical hazards, explosion/implosion, and process conditions
- Chemical compatibility study revealed incompatibilities due to exothermic reactions, corrosion, and toxic chemicals
- Reactive hazards screening should be completed to ensure material of construction is fit for process conditions
- Mitigative action:
 - Routine cleaning
 - Equipment inspection
 - Passive pressure control (pressure relief valves)
 - Redundant temperature control (back-up cooling systems)
 - Flow control

References



• Total Equipment Cost

\$32,663,600 • Total Module Cost \$154,825,500 Payback Period \circ 0.77 Years

